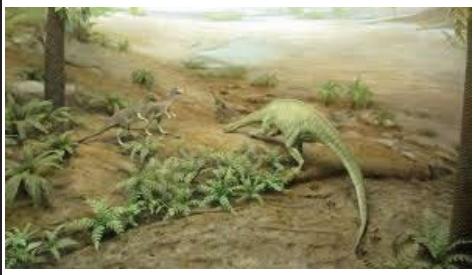
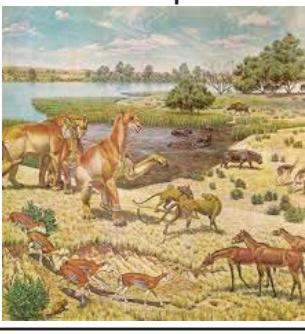
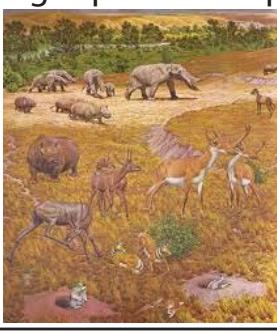


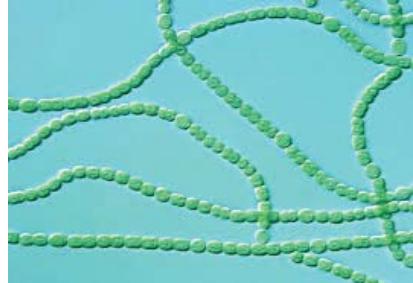
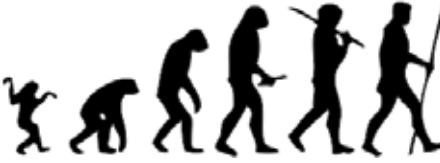
Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>3.8-2.5 BYA Archean Era, Life occurs</p> 	<p>850-635 MYA Cryogenian Period, Ball of ice</p> 	<p>635-545 MYA Ediacaran Period, soft-bodied animals</p> 
<p>545-495 MYA Cambrian Period, varied sea life</p> 	<p>495-443 MYA Ordovician Period, sea and beach life</p> 	<p>443-417 MYA Silurian Period, bony fish, reef and wetland ecosystems</p> 
<p>417-354 MYA Devonian Period, age of fishes</p> 	<p>354-290 MYA Carboniferous Period, lush forests and plants</p> 	<p>290-248 MYA Permian Period, Pangea occurs</p> 
<p>248-205 MYA Triassic Period, mammals and dinosaurs</p> 	<p>205-142 MYA Jurassic Period, birds and dinosaurs</p> 	<p>142- 65 MYA Cretaceous Period, dinosaur mass extinction</p> 

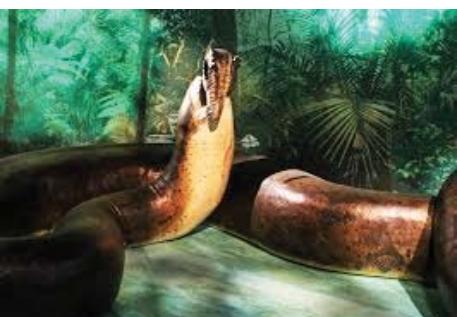
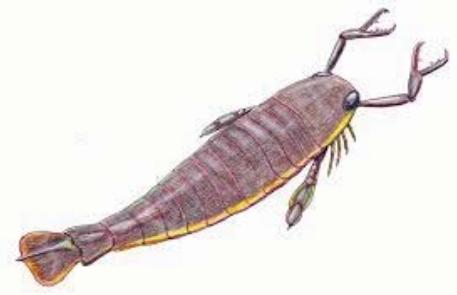
Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>65 -54.8 MYA Palaeocene Epoch, rise of whales, mammals and birds</p> 	<p>54.8 - 33.7 MYA Eocene Epoch, Forests and grasses flourish</p> 	<p>33.7 - 23.8 MYA Oligocene Epoch, grasslands expand</p> 
<p>23.8 - 5.3 MYA Miocene Epoch, Age of the apes</p> 	<p>5.3 - 2.6 MYA Pliocene Epoch, human lineage splits from apes</p> 	<p>2.6 MYA - 11.7 TYA Pleistocene Epoch, age of glaciers and humans</p> 
<p>11.7 thousand - present Holocene Epoch, glaciers recede, humans affect landscape</p> 	<p>443 MYA Ordovician-Silurian Mass Extinction, trilobites, brachiopods, and graptolites die off.</p> 	<p>359 MYA Late Devonian Mass Extinction 75% of life dies off</p> 
<p>248 MYA Permian Mass Extinction The Great Dying, 96% die-off</p> 	<p>200 MYA Triassic-Jurassic Mass Extinction Mostly animal die-off</p> 	<p>65 MYA Cretaceous-Tertiary Mass Extinction, death of dinosaurs</p> 

Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>13.7 Billion years ago Big Bang occurs</p> 	<p>4.5 Billion B.C.E. Earth formed</p> 	<p>3 Billion B.C.E. First sign of life (algae)</p> 
<p>3.7 Billion years old Oldest fossils discovered</p> 	<p>4.4 million B.C.E. Earliest known hominid fossils, <i>Ardipithecus ramidus</i></p> 	<p>1.7 million B.C.E. Homo erectus leaves Africa</p> 
<p>70-65 MYA Tyrannosaurus rex</p> 	<p>68-66 MYA Triceratops</p> 	<p>155-150 MYA Stegosaurus</p> 
<p>250-90 MYA Ichthyosaurus</p> 	<p>100 million years ago Xiphactinus</p> 	<p>85-75 MYA Pteranodon</p> 

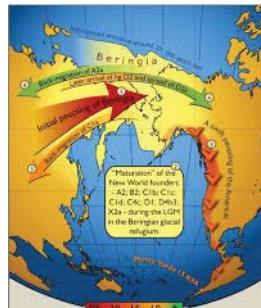
Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>295–272 MYA Dimetrodon, a pelycosaur, was a marine reptile, not a dinosaur.</p>  <p>Charles Robert Knight</p>	<p>42 MYA - 11,000 B.C.E. Saber-toothed Cat</p>  <p>Charles Robert Knight</p>	<p>120,000-4,000 B.C.E. Wooly Mammoth</p> 
<p>488-444 MYA Trilobite Ordovician</p> 	<p>205-142 MYA Liopleurodon, marine predator</p> 	<p>28-1.5 MYA Megalodon: a shark longer than a schoolbus.</p> 
<p>60 MYA Carbonemys</p> 	<p>60-58 MYA Titanoboa: a snake 40 feet long, discovered in a Columbian coal mine.</p> 	<p>412 MYA Jaekelopterus, a crocodile sized sea scorpion.</p> 
<p>99 MYA Scientist discovered dinosaur feathers in a piece of amber like this</p> 	<p>508 MYA Hallucigenia, a lobopodian worm</p> 	<p>2.5 MYA - 10,000 B.C.E. Giant ground sloths</p> 

Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>100-91 MYA Clayton Lake State Park, dinosaur footprints found in sandstone</p> 	<p>160 MYA Excavation of <i>Spinophorosaurus</i> dinosaur</p> 	<p>165 MYA Mongolarachne spider fossils found in Inner Mongolia, China</p> 
<p>125 MYA <i>Sinornithosaurus millennii</i>, venomous feathered dinosaur</p> 	<p>40,000 B.C.E. Lyuba, the baby mammoth mummy found frozen in Siberian ice</p> 	<p>112 MYA <i>Sarcosuchus</i>, "Super Croc"</p> 
<p>125 MYA <i>Zhenyuanlong</i>, a winged dinosaur, flightless, relative of raptor</p> 	<p>77 MYA <i>Saurornitholestes</i>, a raptor found in North America, digging for prey</p> 	<p>75 MYA <i>Chasmosaurus</i>, complete ceratopsid skeleton found at Alberta's Red Deer River, Canada</p> 
<p>50 MYA Amphistium: flatfish</p> 	<p>201-66 MYA Ammonite fossil</p> 	<p>50 MYA Eocene plant in amber</p> 

Prehistory Timeline Figures. MYA stands for Million Years Ago

<p>5.8-5.2 Million B.C.E. Ardipithecus ramidus</p> 	<p>4.2 Million B.C.E. Australopithecus anamensis</p> 	<p>3.2 Million B.C.E. Australopithecus afarensis, "Lucy"</p> 
<p>2.7 Million B.C.E. Paranthropus boisei</p> 	<p>2.5 Million B.C.E. Homo habilis: Skillful Man</p> 	<p>1.8 Million B.C.E. Homo erectus: Upright Man</p> 
<p>600,000 B.C.E. Homo Heidelbergensis - Similar brain capacity to modern humans</p> 	<p>230,000 B.C.E. Neanderthal man (use of fire and advanced tools).</p> 	<p>100,000 B.C.E. First modern Homo sapiens in South Africa</p> 
<p>35,000 B.C.E. Cro-magnon Homo sapiens replaces Neanderthals</p> 	<p>18,000 B.C.E. Stone age ends (Cro-Magnon) Bronze age begins</p> 	<p>15,000 B.C.E. Migrations across the Bering Straits: Beringia</p> 

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